Name.....

B.Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, MAY 2015

Second Semester

Complementary Course-Statistics

THEORY OF RANDOM VARIABLES

(Common for Physics, Mathematics and Computer Applications)

[2013 Admission onwards]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer all questions. 1 mark each.

- 1. What is continuous random variable?
- 2. Define p.d.f.
- 3. What is joint probability distribution?
- 4. Define expectation of a function of a random variable.
- 5. What is raw moment?
- 6. Define m.g.f.
- 7. Define Bowley's measure of skewness.
- 8. Give any two examples of partition values.
- 9. What are the limits of correlation coefficient?
- 10. How do you interpret when the coefficient of correlation is zero?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Part B (Brief Answer Questions)

Answer any eight questions. 2 marks each.

- 11. Explain distribution function of a random variable.
- 12. When will you say two random variables are independent?
- 13. Find k if:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k & xe^{-x} ; x \ge 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

is a p.d.f.

- 14. Show that E(k) = k where k is a constant.
- 15. Find the characteristic function of the variable with probability distribution given by:

$$P(x): \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3}$$

- 16. Define conditional expectation.
- 17. What are the uses of moments in skewness and kurtosis?
- 18. What is Scatter diagram?
- 19. State the principle of least squares.
- 20. What are the normal equations for fitting a curve of the form $y = a \cdot e^{bx}$?
- 21. Why is Pearson's coefficient of correlation known as product moment correlation?
- 22. What is the relation between correlation coefficient and regression coefficients?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$

Part C (Descriptive/Short Essay Questions)

Answer any six questions. 4 marks each.

23. Two random variables have the following joint probability distribution:

x /	Y = 0	1	2
1	1 64	1 32	11 32
2	$\frac{1}{4}$	13 64	$\frac{5}{32}$

Find:

- (i) The marginal distributions.
- (ii) E (X) and E (Y).
- (iii) E (X Y).
- 24. Find k if $f(xy) = k \cdot x^2 y^3$, 0 < x < 2, 0 < y < 4 is a joint p.d.f.

- 25. For a random variable X m.g.f. is $\frac{(1-2t)^{-1}}{t}$. Find its first four central moments.
- 26. For two variables X, Y show that $\left[E(X\,Y)\right]^2 \leq E\left(X^2\right)E\left(Y^2\right)$. Give any one application of this result.
- 27. Derive the relation between first four central moments and first four raw moments.
- 28. Describe the method of fitting a parabola to a given data.
- 29. Two regression lines are 7x 2y 29 = 0 and 5x 11y + 8 = 0. Find the :
 - (i) Ratio of variances of X, Y.
 - (ii) Correlation coefficient.
- 30. Show that change in scale and origin will not change the value of correlation. What about the case of regression coefficients?
- 31. Calculate a measure of skewness based on quartiles of the data:

$$0-14$$
 $15-29$ $30-44$ $45-59$ 3 4 15 2

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$

Part D (Long Essay Type Questions)

Answer any two questions. 15 marks each.

32. For the distribution:

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} k \cdot \frac{x}{y^2}; 0 < x < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

find (i)
$$k$$
; (ii) E (X | Y); (iii) P (X < 0.5); (iv) P (Y > 0.25).

33. What are the properties of characteristic function? Prove any two of them. Find the characteristic function of a variable with p.d.f.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}; & x \ge 0\\ 0 & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

- 34. The first four moments of a data about 4 are -1.5, 17, -30 and 108. Find the first four moments about (i) zero; (ii) 6.
- 35. From the following data it is required estimate the demand when price is 21. Obtain a suitable regression equation. Also find the estimate:

Price : 18 24 25 20 28 32 Demand: 8 7 6 10 5 4

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$