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Reg. No.....

Name.....

**M.Sc. DEGREE (C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

**Second Semester**

Faculty of Science

Branch I (a) : Mathematics

MT 02 C07—ADVANCED TOPOLOGY

(2012—2018 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Weight : 30

**Part A**

*Answer any five questions.*

*Each question has weight 1.*

1. Define projection functions. Show that projection functions are open.
2. Define productive property of topological spaces. Show that  $T_1$  is a productive property.
3. Let  $A$  be a subset of a space  $X$  and  $f: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be continuous. Show that any two extensions of  $f$  to  $X$  agree on  $\bar{A}$ .
4. Prove that a second countable space is metrisable if and only if it is  $T_3$ .
5. Show that a subset  $A$  of a space  $X$  is closed if and only if limits of nets in  $A$  are in  $A$ .
6. Let  $X, Y$  be sets,  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  a function and  $\mathcal{F}$  a filter on  $X$ . Show that the family  $f(\mathcal{F})$  is a base for a filter on  $Y$ .
7. Show that every continuous real valued function on a countably compact space is bounded and attains its extrema.
8. Define a locally compact space. Give examples of spaces which are : (a) Locally compact ; (b) Not locally compact.

(5 × 1 = 5)

**Part B**

*Answer any five questions.*

*Each question has weight 2.*

9. Prove that if the product is non-empty, then each co-ordinate space is embeddable in it.
10. Prove that a topological product is regular iff each co-ordinate space is regular.

**Turn over**





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11. Show that the evaluation function of a family of functions is one-to-one if and only if that family distinguishes points.
12. Let  $S : D \rightarrow X$  be a net in a topological space and let  $x \in X$ . Show that  $x$  is a cluster point of  $S$  iff there is a subset of  $S$  which converges to  $x \in X$ .
13. Prove that a topological space is compact iff every family of closed subsets of it, which has the finite intersection property, has a non-empty intersection.
14. Prove that a topological space is compact iff every ultra filter in it is convergent.
15. Prove that a first countable, countably compact space is sequentially compact.
16. Assume that  $X$  is Hausdorff and locally compact at a point  $x \in X$ . Show that the family of compact neighbourhoods of  $x$  is a local base at  $x$ .

(5 × 2 = 10)

### Part C

Answer any **three** questions.

Each question has weight 5.

17. Let  $A$  be a closed subset of a normal space  $X$  and suppose  $f : A \rightarrow [-1, 1]$  is a continuous function. Prove that there exists a continuous function  $F : X \rightarrow [-1, 1]$  such that  $F(x) = f(x)$  for all  $x \in A$ .
18. Prove that a product of spaces is connected if and only if each co-ordinate space is connected.
19. (a) State and prove embedding lemma.  
(b) Prove that a topological space is a Tychonoff space iff it is embeddable into a cube.
20. (a) Prove that a topological space is Hausdorff iff limits of all nets in it are unique.  
(b) Let  $X, Y$  be topological spaces,  $x \in X$  and  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  a function. Show that  $f$  is continuous at  $x$  iff whenever a filter  $\mathcal{F}$  converges to  $x \in X$ , the image filter  $f_{\#}(\mathcal{F})$  converges to  $f(x)$  in  $Y$ .
21. (a) State and prove Tychonoff theorem.  
(b) For a filter  $\mathcal{F}$  on a set  $X$  show that the following statements are equivalent :
  - (i)  $\mathcal{F}$  is an ultra filter.
  - (ii) For any  $A \subset X$ , either  $A \in \mathcal{F}$  or  $X - A \in \mathcal{F}$ .
  - (iii) For any  $A, B \subset X$ ,  $A \cup B \in \mathcal{F}$  iff either  $A \in \mathcal{F}$  or  $B \in \mathcal{F}$ .
22. Prove that one point compactification of a space is Hausdorff iff the space is locally compact and Hausdorff.

(3 × 5 = 15)

