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B.Com DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, MAY 2019 \\ \section*{\title{
B.Com DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, MAY 2019 \\ \\ \\ Fourth Semester \\ \\ \\ Fourth Semester \\ \\ \\ Core Course - CO4CRT11 - CORPORATE ACCOUNTING II
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(Common for B.Com Model II Computer Applications ,B.Com Model II Finance \& Taxation,B.Com Model II Marketing,B.Com Model II Travel \& Tourism,B.Com Model III Office Management \& Secretarial Practice ,B.Com Model III Taxation ,B.Com Model III Computer Applications ,B.Com Model I Co-operation ,B.Com Model I Marketing ,B.Com Model I Finance \& Taxation ,B.Com Model I Travel \& Tourism ,B.Com Model II Logistics Management )

> 2017 Admission onwards
> 6C22E5FB

## Maximum Marks: $\mathbf{8 0}$

Time: 3 Hours

> Part A
> Answer any ten questions.
> Each question carries 2 marks.
(10×2=20)

## Part B

Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.
What do you mean by the term 'Policy'?
What is double insurance
Distinguish between cash reserve ratio and statutory liquidity ratio.
Define unexpired discount and show joumal entry.
What do you mean by internal reconstruction?
Pass journal entry for Sub division of 20,000 fully paid equity shares of Rs. 100 each in to $2,00,000$ equity shares of rs. 10 each fully paid
On the date of capital reduction, a company finds that its building has appreciated by Rs. 10,000 and the value of stock has gone up by Rs.5,000 Journalise

What do you mean by pooling of Interest method?
Pass journal entries for paying off the preference share holders for Rs 75,000 -at the time of amalgamation.
Explain when the external reconstruction is taken place?
What is Liquidation?
What are the grounds of Voluntary winding up

\[\)|  Part B  |
| :--- |
|  Answer any six questions.  |
|  Each question carries  5  marks.  |

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From the following information, calculate the amount of premium to be credited to revenue account
Premium received during the year 2018-19
Outstanding premium on 31.03 .2019

Interest on loan
Discount on bill discounted $\quad 3,90,000$
$\square \quad 4,46,000$
Rent and tax 3,08,000
Interest on overdrafi $\quad 8,400$
Director's fees $\quad 1,36,000$
Interest on savings a/c $\quad 8,600$
Postage and telegram $\quad 2,000$
Lockers rent $\quad 10,000$
Depreciation on bank properties $\quad 1.400$

| Transfer fees | 3,400 |
| :--- | ---: |

Sundry charges
Other information:

1. Rebate on bill discounted Rs 98,000
2. Bad debts Rs 80,000
3. Provision for income tax Rs $3,00,000$

From the above information, prepare the Profit and Loss a/c of the bank for the year ended 31/12/2018

The share capital of A Itd. Consist of the following
a) $10,0006 \%$ preference shares of Rs. 100 each
b) 50,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each

The shares were fully paid up. The Co. has accumulated losses to the extent of Rs. 3,50,000, preliminary expense Rs 20,000 and fixed assets are overvalued to the extent of Rs. 4,00,000..
The scheme of capital reduction permits to write off overvalue of fixed assets, losses and expenses. Under this scheme $6 \%$ preference shares are to be converted into $8 \%$ preference shares of Rs. 60 each and equity shares are converted into shares of Rs. 2 each. Pass necessary journal entries.

A company has equity share capital of Rs. 5,00,000 consisting of 5,000 shares of Rs. 100 each.1) It is resolved to sub divide the share in to shares of Rs. 10 each 2) To ask the shareholders to surrender $50 \%$ of their shares. 3) to issue $60 \%$ of the surrendered shares to $15 \%$ debenture holders of Rs. 2,00,000 in full settlement of their claim .4)to cancel the unissued surrendered shares. Give journal entries in the books of the company.

Amalgamation makes some difficulties in the external environment of the business-Explain
The balance sheet of $A$ Ltd. and B Ltd. as on 31st March 2013 are given.

| Liabilities | A Ltd. | B Ltd. | Assets | A Ltd. | B Ltd. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equity Share ( 10Each) | 100000 | 120000 | Goodwill | 20000 | 10000 |
| General Reserve | 27000 | 10000 | $L$ \& B | 30000 | 26000 |
| Profit and Loss AVC | 8000 | ---- | Debtors | 20000 | 32500 |
| Sundry Creditors | 15000 | 10000 | Stock | 45000 | 25000 |
|  |  |  | Bank | 35000 | 32300 |
|  |  |  | Profit and Loss A/C ----- |  | 14200 |
|  | 150000 | 140000 |  | 15000 | 140000 |

Two companies decided to amalgamate in to a new company AB Ltd. which will take over the assets and liabilities of these thio companies with the following conditions-
A Ltd. - Holders of each share of Rs 10/- in the company would receive one share of Rs 15 each, Rs 9 paid up and Rs 4 in cash. B Ltd. - Holders of each share of Rs 10/- each would receive one share of Rs 10 each in AB Ltd. at a market value of ho 13 each in AB LId. and Rs 2 in cash. The liquidation expenses of two companies Rs 3000/-Rs 50001- respectively were meloy AB Ltd. AB Ltd. agrees to pay Rs 10000/- to B Ltd. for discharging creditors. Calculate Purchase consideration of both the companies

From the following particulars relaling to Life Style Lid, which was liquidated on 31.3.2018, calculate the amount of unsecured

| Trade creditors | ${ }^{c}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Provident fund of workers | $1,42,200$ |
| Gas bills outstanding for gas supplied | 11,000 |
| Dues to city corporation for local laxes | 420 |
| Salary of clerk for six months | 10,000 |
| Salary of peons for four months | 30,000 |
| Directors' fees for four months | 6,000 |
| Income Tax due for 2017-18 | 8,000 |
| Compensation under workmen's Compensation Act | 10,000 |
|  | 9,000 |

## Part C

Answer any two questions.

## Each question carries 15 marks.

From the following information prepare revenue account of Sun Life Insurance Company for the year ended 31.03 .2019 Claims death

42,376
Commission 50,000
Commission on reinsurance received $\quad 12,000$
Share transfer fees 5,000
Expenses of management $\quad 78,000$
Bad debts
2,500
Claims paid 15,000
Premium received less reinsurance $\quad 5,52,000$
Reserve for unexpired risk on 01.04.2018 2,30,000
Additional reserve on 01.04.2018 40,000
claims outstanding on 01.04.2018 27,000
Rent, rate and tax 18,500
Adjustments:

1. Premium outstanding on 31.03 .2019 amounts to Rs.40,000/-
2. It is the policy of the company to maintain $50 \%$ of premium towards reserve for unexpired risks.
3. Additional reserve at $10 \%$ of net premium to oe maintained

Give the model form of the balance sheet of a banking company with suitable schedules(use imaginary figures).
The summarized Balance Sheet of Bhoom Ltd. as on 31st December 2015 is given below.

| Liabilities | Amount Assets | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Share capital (100 each ) | 150000 Land \& Building | 175000 |
| $13 \%$ Debentures of Rs 10 each 75000 | Plant and Machinery 46000 |  |
| General Reserve | 45000 | Stock |

Bhoom Ltd. is absorbed by Bheema Ltd. on 1st January 2016 with conditions such as all the assets and liabilities are taken over at book value, an exchange of six shares of Bheema Ltd. of Rs $10 /$-each at par for four shares in Bhoom Ltd. and $13 \%$ debentures are to be redeemed at a premium of $5 \%$. Prepare the journal entries in the books of Bheem Ltd. and also close the books of Bhoom Ltd. The expenses of liquidation is paid by Bheem Ltd. amounting to Rs 2500/-.
(after all assels are realized and secured creditors and debenture hoiders are paid) is 6,73,800
2 Preferential creditors to be paid ₹ 30,000
3 Other unsecured creditors ₹ $2,15,000$
4,000.6\% Preference shares of ₹ 100 each fully paid
5 2,000 Equity shares of ₹ 100 each, ₹ 75 per share paid up.
6 6,000 Equity shares of ₹ 100 each, ₹ 60 per share paid up.
7 Liquidator's remuneration $2 \%$ on preferential and other unsecured creditors
8 Preference dividends were in arrear for 2 years.

