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QP CODE: 22100916



Reg No	:	
Name	:	

B.Sc DEGREE (CBCS) REGULAR / REAPPEARANCE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL 2022

Sixth Semester

CORE COURSE - CH6CRT11 - PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY - III

Common for B.Sc Chemistry Model I, B.Sc Chemistry Model II Industrial Chemistry & B.Sc Chemistry Model III Petrochemicals

2017 Admission Onwards

248BB378

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

Part A

Answer any **ten** questions. Each question carries **1** mark.

- 1. What is an intensive property? Give an example.
- 2. Define path function. Give an example.
- 3. What happens to the internal energy of a system if (a) work is done on the system and (b) work is done by the system?
- 4. Explain how thermodynamic scale of temperature was developed?
- 5. Explain giving reasons the efficiency of a steam engine can be increased by superheated steam.
- 6. What is meant by a Bronsted base ?
- 7. Distinguish between the terms average rate and instantaneous rate for a reaction.
- 8. All four phases of sulphur cannot coexist in equilibrium under any condition. Why?
- 9. What is meant by congruent melting point? Give an example of a binary condensed system involving formation of a compound with congruent melting point.
- 10. Derive Arrhenius equation and explain its significance.
- 11. What is meant by activated complex?
- 12. Give an example each to illustrate (i) opposing reactions (ii) parallel reactions and (iii) consecutive reactions.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Part B



- 13. How can maximum amount of the work during isothermal expansion of a gas be obtained?
- 14. What is Joule Thomson effect? Justify that during this process, enthalpy of the system remains constant.
- 15. Define standard enthalpy of formation. Taking a suitable example, prove that the standard enthalpy of a compound is equal to its standard enthalpy of formation.
- 16. Explain the entropy criteria for reversible and irreversible processes.
- 17. Derive thermodynamically the relationships $\Delta G = RT \ln(P_2/P_1) = RT \ln(V_1/V_2)$
- 19. Explain the buffer action of ammonium acetate.
- 20. Obtain a relationship between the degree of hydrolysis of a salt of a strong acid and a weak base and its hydrolysis constant.
- 21. Explain the mechanism of enzyme catalysis

(6×5=30)

Part C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries **10** marks.

- 22. Explain the term Heat capacity. Derive the expression for heat capacity at constant volume and that at constant pressure. Derive the relationship between them.
- 23. Explain the third law of thermodynamics and its applications.
- 24. Discuss the phase diagram of a simple eutectic sytstem with reference to lead-silver system. Explain its relevance with the pattinson's process.
- 25. Explain the significance of Eyring equation in the activated complex theory in relating the thermodynamic parameters of activation.

(2×10=20)

